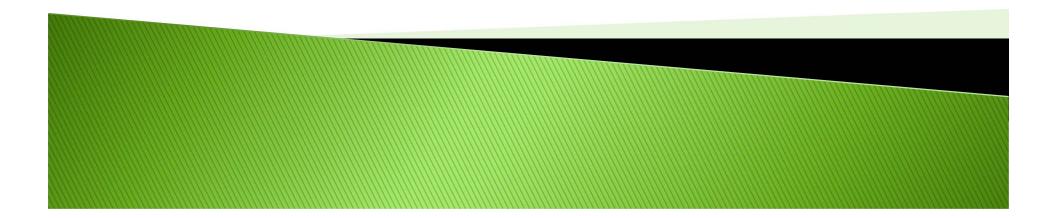


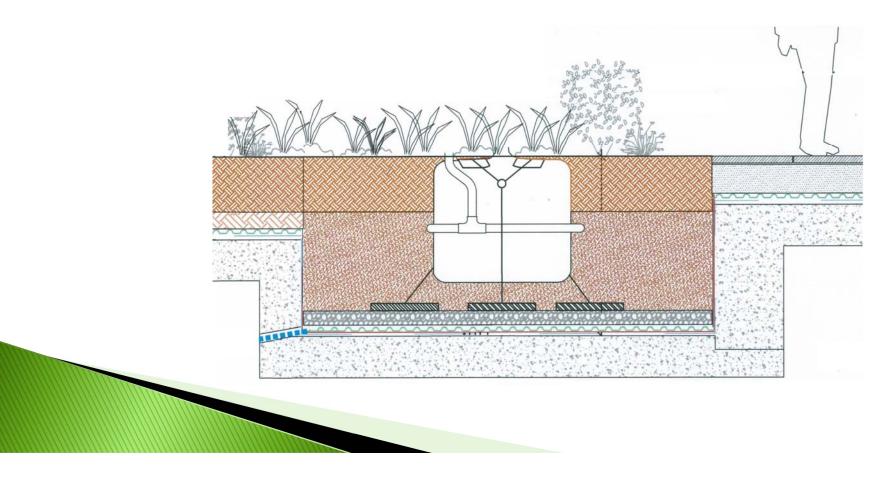
# **Podium Landscape Soils**

### Tim O'Hare Palmstead Soft Landscape Workshop 24<sup>th</sup> January 2018

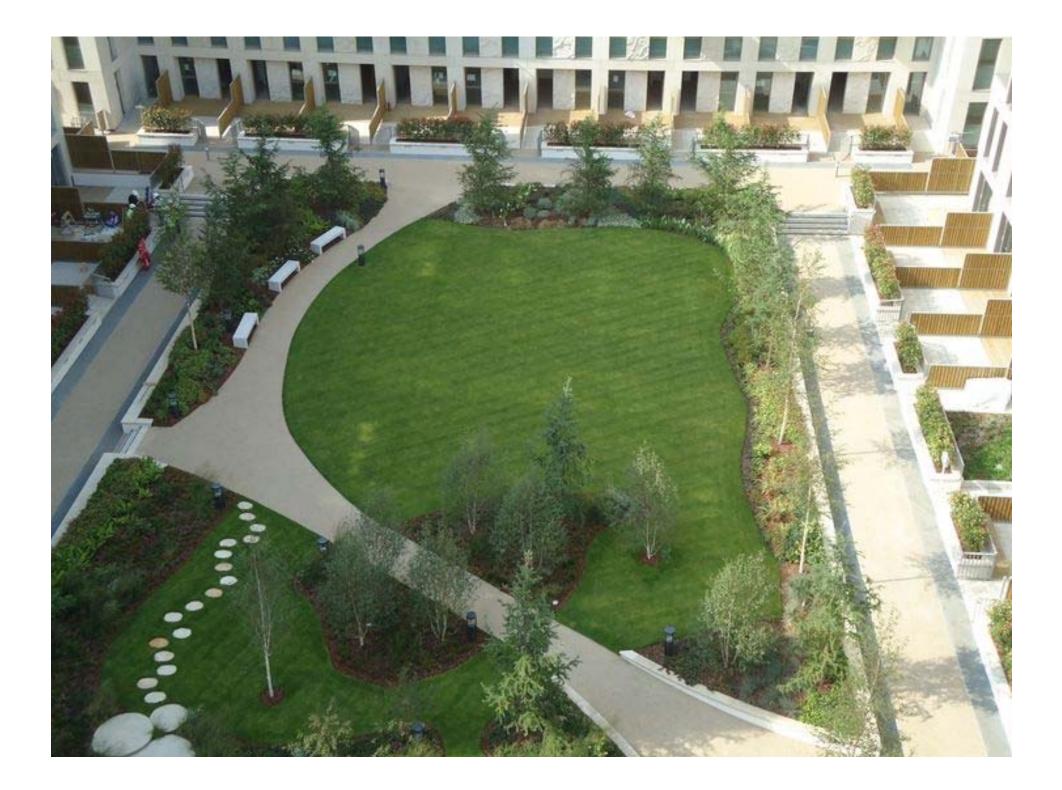


# **Podium Landscapes**

### Any landscape that is built on a structure









## **Main Soil Considerations**

- Soil types
- Soil profiles
- Drainage provision
- Membranes
- Testing requirements







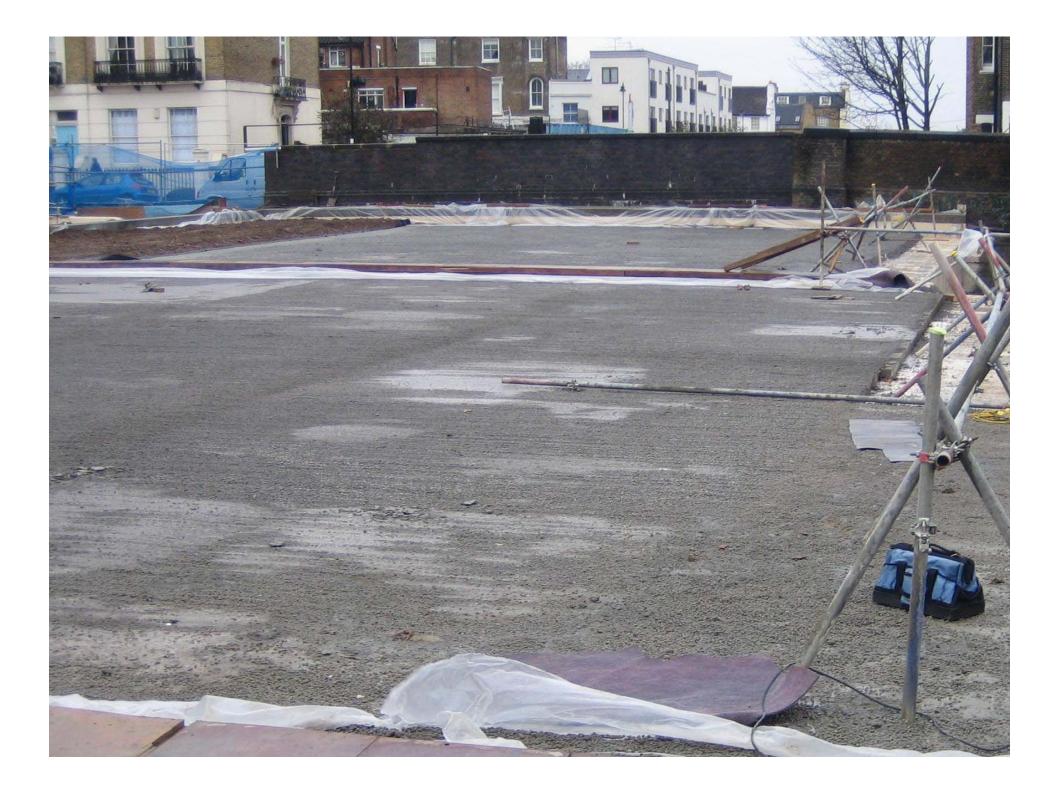
## **Challenges & Constraints**

- Brand new soil profile
- No natural soakage into the ground
- Access restrictions
- High risk of soil compaction
- Limited cultivation potential
- Shallow soil depths (sometimes)
- Weight restrictions (sometimes)

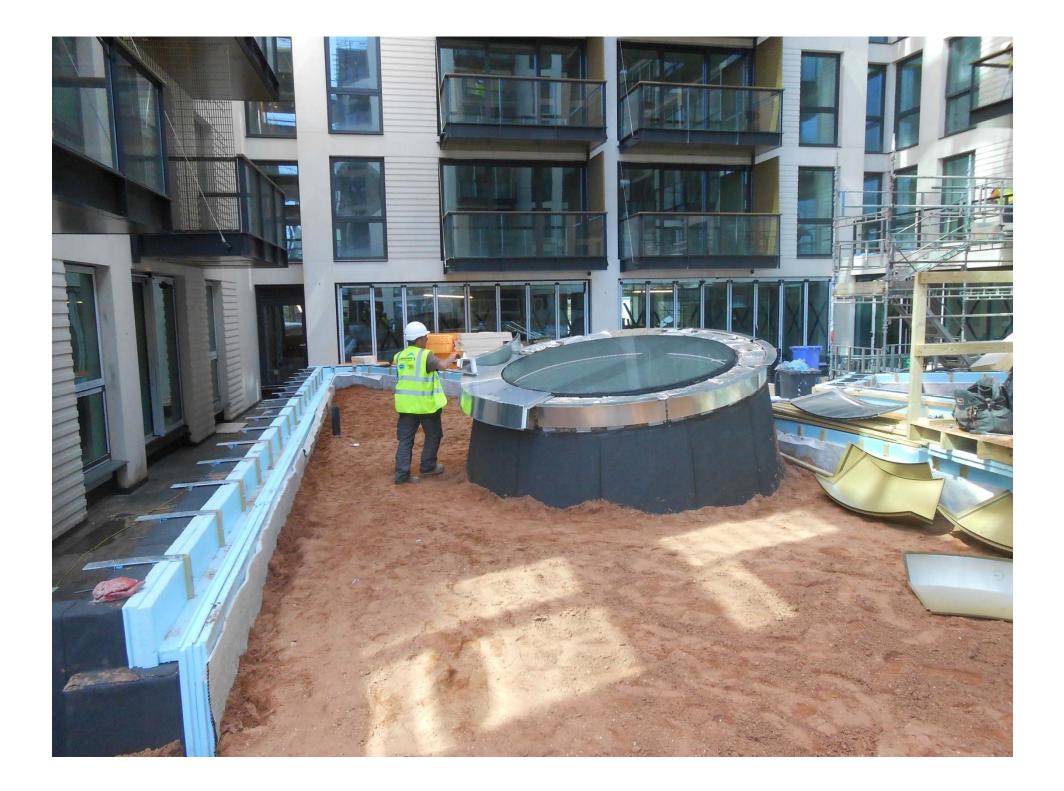
• Very expensive to put right if it goes wrong!



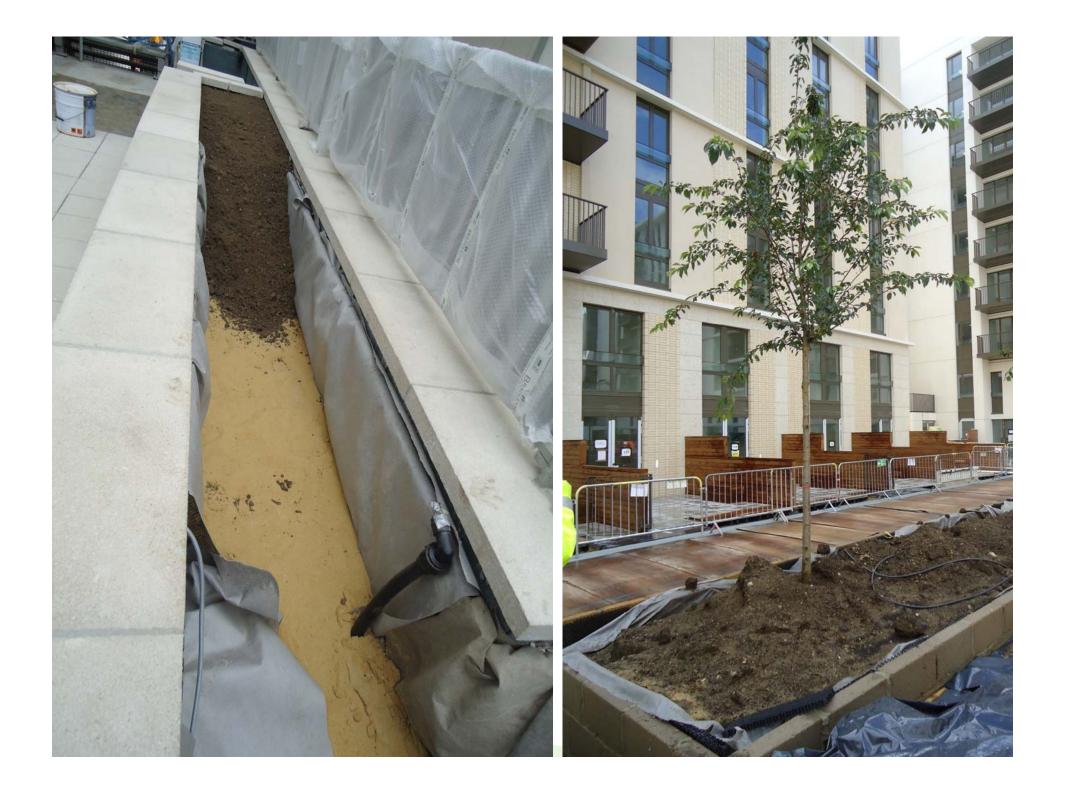




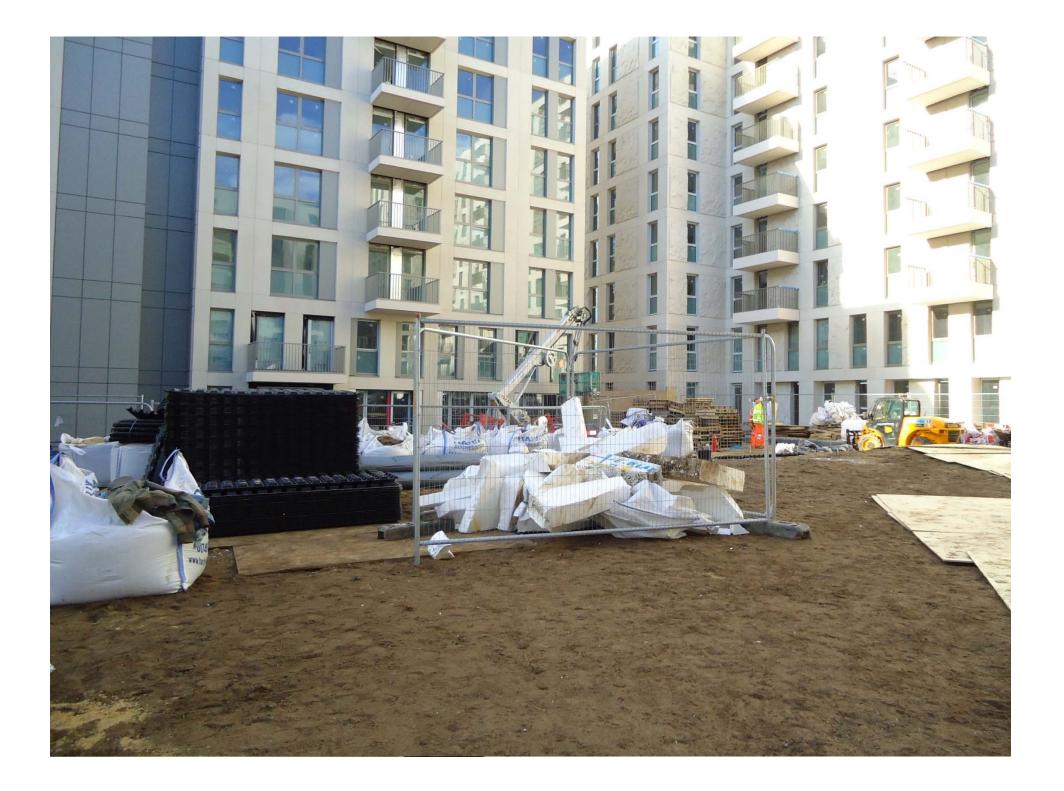














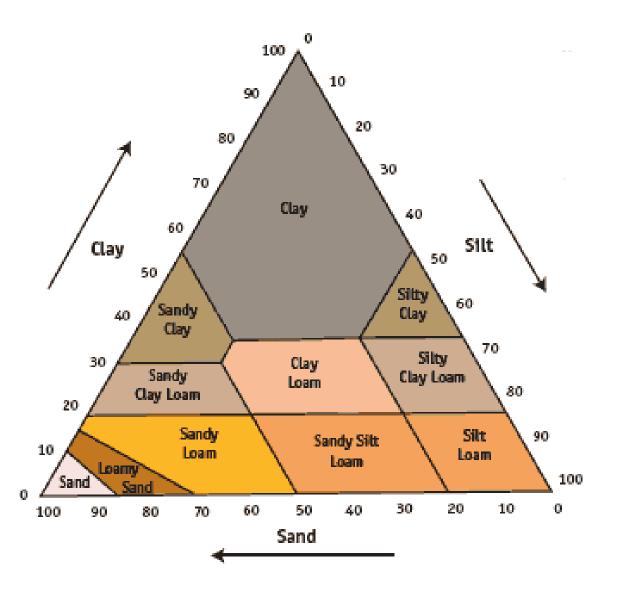




## **Soil Texture**

### **Responsible For:**

- Water retention
- Drainage
- Aeration
- Compaction resistance

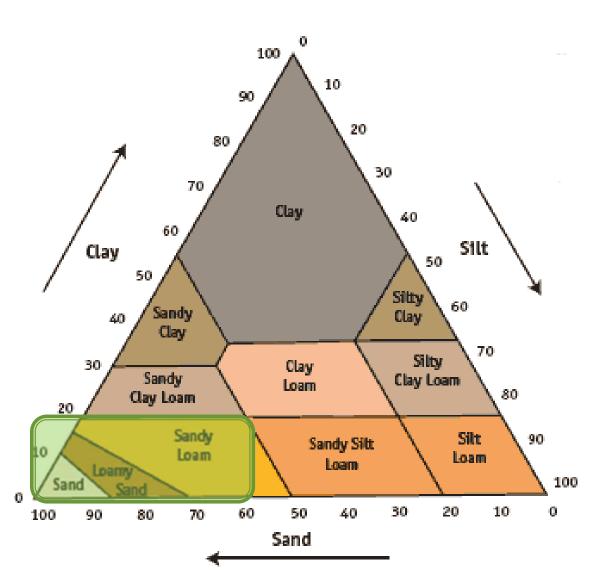




## **Soil Texture**

### **High Sand Content**

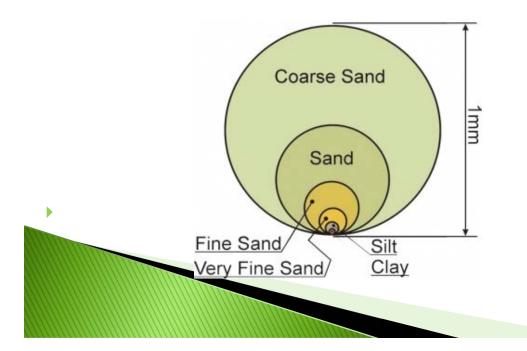
- Compaction resistant
- Not reliant on soil structure
- Good porosity & drainage
- Easy to handle & spread
- Workable all year round
- Easy to cultivate
- Easy to ameliorate
- Lower water retention
- Nutrient leaching risk





## 'Sand' is not just 'Sand'

Particle Grade	Particle Size (mm)
Very Coarse Sand	1.0 – 2.0
Coarse Sand	0.5 – 1.0
Medium Sand	0.25 – 0.5
Fine Sand	0.15 – 0.25
Very Fine Sand	0.05 – 0.15
Silt	0.002 - 0.05
Clay	<0.002











### Soil Properties Organic Matter & Fertility

### **Green Compost**

- Bulky organic matter
- Major plant nutrients
- Secondary nutrients
- Trace elements
- Soil microbes
- Water retention
- Weed seed free







## **Soil Properties**

### **Soil Conditioners**

- Nutrient retention
- Water retention



#### 'TerraCottem Universal' Soil Conditioner





### Soil Properties Bulk Density

### Lightweight Aggregates

- Expanded clay
- Crushed brick
- Pumice Lava
- Vermiculite







## **Soil Depths**

**Considering Factors:** 

- Plant Types trees, hedging, shrubs, herbaceous, grass lawn
- Tree species
- Rootball size
- Loading restrictions
- Irrigation provision

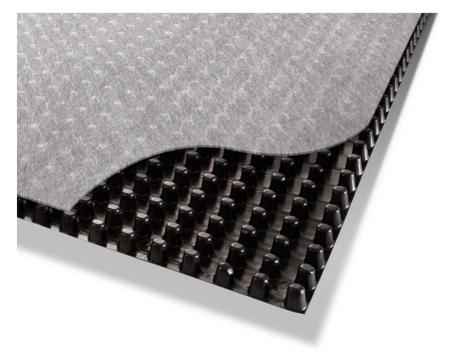








#### Granular drainage layer



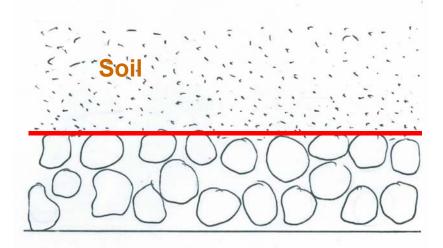
#### Plastic drainage mat

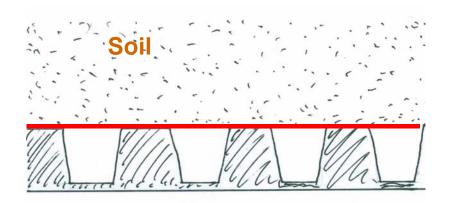




### Drainage – 2 main issues

- 1) Maintain the integrity of the drainage layer by keeping the soil out of it.
- 2) Maintain a hydraulic connection between the soil and the drainage layer.





Granular drainage layer

#### Plastic drainage mat





# **Geotextile membrane**

- The construction industry has a love for geotextiles and these are often the first choice.
- However, geotextiles are not widely used by the sports turf / golf industry.
- Why? .....







## **Geotextile membrane**

.... Because they can block up and become impermeable!



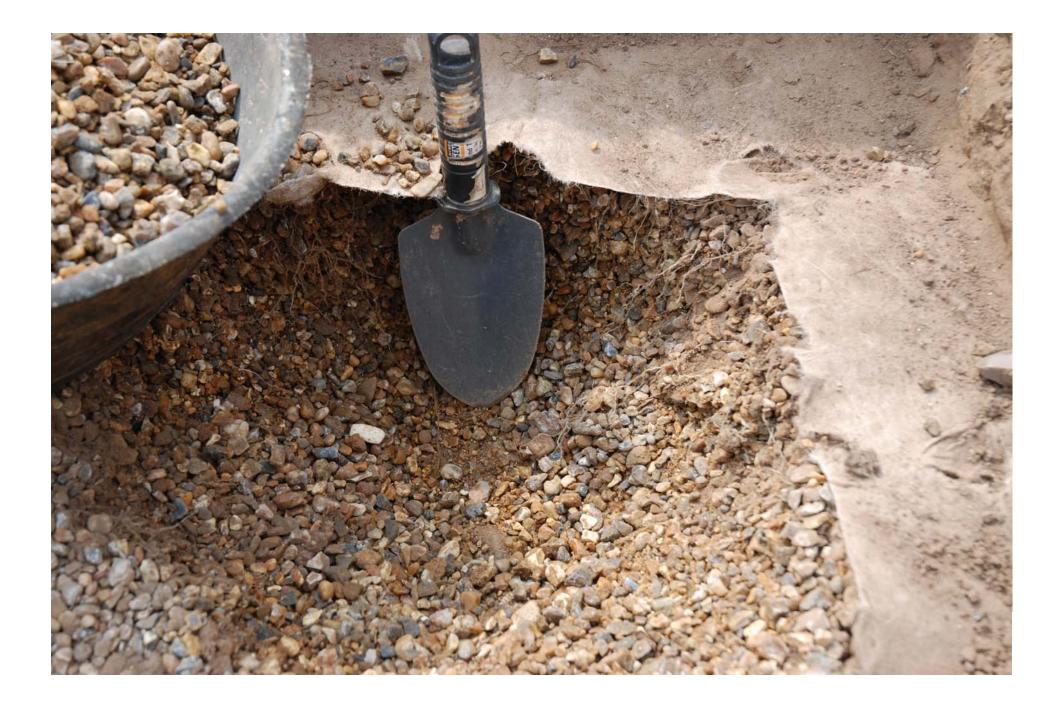














## **Blinding Layer**

### Geotextile

ALL I

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Drainage Layer

## **Testing Requirements**

- pH value & salinity
- Organic matter
- Major plant nutrients (N P K Mg)
- Potential contaminants (eg. heavy metals, hydrocarbons, asbestos)
- Particle Size Analysis including <u>5 sand fractions</u>
- Permeability
- Porosity
- Water-holding capacity
- Bulk density (if there are loading restrictions)





# Thank you

